THERE is a door in the kitchen of No. 1 Belmont and this reminded her to tell and this and th

when you get home again.

Meanwhile, though your wife finds them something of a handful, she still manages to look as well as ever, as you can see from the picture.

can see from the picture.

Both ithe boys were ready for bed when we called, so that will explain the pyjamas, although if you are aware of their passion for dressing up you might think they were pretending to be a new type of Red Indian.

Perhaps if the firog your two sons tried to rear had sampled some of the garden produce, it would have lived to a ripe old age. It had many favours bestowed upon it from tadpolehood, and reached froghood at last complete with the four legs that John and Peter were so anxious to see.

But one morning Froggy

But one morning Froggy ank to the bottom and didn't come up any more. John, with his knowledge of this kind of thing from long choir practice, performed the appropriate ceremony, and the lamented pet now lies at rest.

Your wife told us that we had called on the anniversary of your wedding, and wished this occasion very many happy returns. She added that she is very much looking forward to those cycle trips you used to make together, especially as the boys now have their own bicycles.

The cup of excellent tea your returns. She added that she is very much looking forward to those cycle trips you used to make together, especially as the boys now have their own bicycles.

The cup of excellent tea your wife how to pick things seeing your boat when it gets wife (and her mother, who was on a visit from Portsmouth) gave us brought very and Gwen changed off to bed, but before long love and the very best of luck on your trip, and trotted upsoften to tell us how much they are looking forward to gotten to tell us how much they are looking forward to your wife how to pick things seeing your boat when it gets up and wash crockery without home.

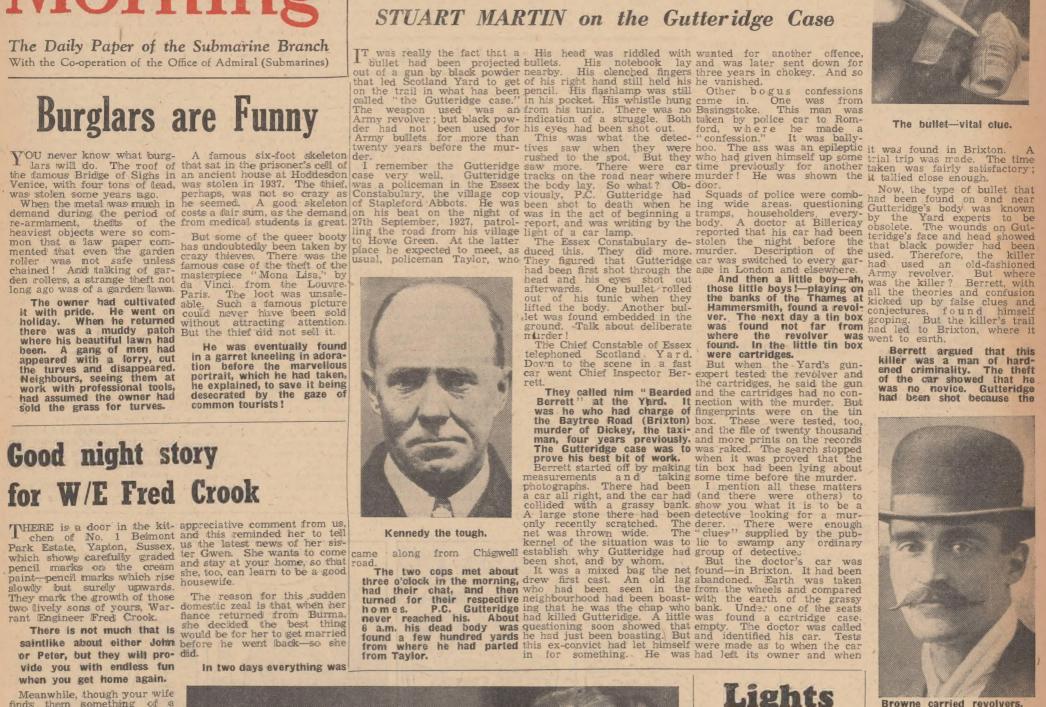
Then they both joined your wife in sending you lots of hand—we might not!

# Good 748 Black Powder Hanged Two Men

# STUART MARTIN on the Gutteridge Case







Browne carried revolvers

# Lights

WHEN we see our streets brilliantly lit once more, as they are again to-day, it is difficult to believe that there was a time when there were no street lamps.

They had heard, too, that the pipes became so not that they might explode. Even years after the sight of gas-lighted streets became commonplace, one could still see people in London furtively touching the pipes, just to be quite sure they were not getting hot.

The general lighting of London with gas commenced on Christmas Day, 1814, but it was years later that Queen Victoria was able to overcome her fear of it and allow Windsor Castle to be lighted with

Gas lighting originally came about through a German named Winser or Winsor, and fortunately he was not deterred by the derisive remarks passed about his idea.

killer wanted to resist cap-ture at all costs. Why? Probably because he was a

Pall Mall was the first street of any city to be illuminated with gas. This experiment took place on January 28, 1807, and the Londoners who saw it felt they were taking their lives into their own hands.

Thousands stood at either end of the road but hadn't the courage to walk its length. They had heard too much about the explosive power of the gas.

They had heard, too, that the into street lamps.

Thousands there were known criminal. Having come to this conclusion, Bernett began to dig into the files of the Criminal Record Office. These are very extensive files; and there on a record sheet was the name of a man who had been a convicted car thief; and, more than that, this man, on the record, was well acquainted with the part of Essex where the killing had taken place. The name of that man was Frederick Guy Browne.

(Continued on page 3)



"I must close now, darling, because I want to write a line to that lousy paper 'Good Morning' while I feel in the mood . . ."

The address, Sailor, is: c/o Dept. of C.N.I., Admiralty, London, S.W.I.



# "However, the search of the board of the boa

# Shades of Night

IF Good Queen Bess was cold in bed, it wasn't because she wore scanty nighties. There was nothing dainty about her bed-wear; indeed, at least one of her night-gowns would have made suitable dress for a cold winter's day. This was a nightie she ordered in 1588:

It was to be made from sixty-six "of the best sable skynnes," and when Elizabeth was wrapped in it she didn't need many blankets. Perhaps she found this sable nightdress a bit too hot, for records show that she changed to black velvet, lined with fur and trimmed with lace, or purple velvet "frized on the backe syde with white and russet silke."

Apparently she was not only concerned for her own warmth in bed: she took some interest in the comfort of the Earl of Leicester.

For him she ordered fourteen yards of damask for "the makyne of a nyght-gown."

It is to be doubted whether he really needed such cosy night-wear, for he was credited with being a pretty warm lad.

Pyrhaps all this interest in cumbrous bedwear was a reaction to the simpler fashions of previous ages. In the Middle Ages they had simplified this department of dress so successfully that the village maiden and the court lady went to bed in nothing at all.

It must have saved a lot of trouble, not to speak of expense. F Good Queen Bess was cold in bed, it wasn't

It must have saved a lot of trouble, not to speak of expense.

One of the quearest fashions in which night-dress was concerned was in vogue during Queen Anne's reign. The ladies not only wore their nighties in bed, but went out walking with them covering their usual outdoor dress.

This gave rise to all sorts of ribaldry among the gentlemen, and the little boys were often extremely rude.

Were often extremely rude.

The innovation did not last long. It had served to show to what lengths women will go to be fathionable.

Night-caps were a common articles of the bedroom. They varied from the tall "candle-extinguisher" to the flat skull-cap. Often they were elegantly embroidered velvet or silk, trimmed with dainty lace.—D. N. K. BAGNALL.

# **Heard This Before?**

When the name of the plaintiff was called out in court, much to everyone's amazement, he stood up in the jury-box.
"What are you doing there?" snapped the

clerk.
"I was called up to serve on the jury," was

the meek reply.

"But you must have known you couldn't sit on a jury and try your own case!"

"I suppose not," admitted the plaintiff. "I did think it was a bit of luck."

# BEELZEBUB JONES









# BELINDA









# **POPEYE**







HERE THEY



1. Behead a support and get

# Wangling Words 686 Brethren of the Main

1.	id		C		
2.	C	r	E	a	m
3.	p	a	NTU	t	S
4.	P	a	T	C	h
	t.	0	U	C	h
6.	W		R	e	S
7.	d	T	Y	1	N

# Gutteridge Case Finale

1. Behead a support and get a rowdy noise.

3. What word of six letters, of asional aldensawllour.

3. What word of six letters, contain the same letters of through the main rews in "Thre—" while he had breakfast.

4. Answers to Wangling Words—No. 685

1. Berace.

2. He carink peace of the wood the same letters in different order: He glanced through the main rews—in "Thre—" while he had breakfast.

4. Answers to Wangling Words—No. 685

1. Berace.

2. He carink peace of the wood the word with the main rews—in "Thre—" while he had breakfast.

4. Earn, near.

5. Le carink peace of the word of six letters, in the did it, as the nigges of the shrough the word with the did it, as the nigges of the shrough the did it, as the nigges of the shrough the did it, as the nigges of the shrough the did it, as the nigges of the shrough the did it, as the nigges of the shrough the did it, as the nigges of the shrough the did it, as the nigges of the shrough the did it, as the nigges of the shrough the did it, as the nigges of the shrough the was in the same lettered than the did it, as the nigges of the shrough the did it, as the nigges of the shrough the did it, as the nigges of the shrough the was in the same letters in the same letters in the did it, as the nigges of the shrough the word to five.

3. AFRILETE.

4. Earn, near.

5. Le catality seemed to be an iming the port, but he did it, as the nigges of the shrough the word to five.

3. AFRILETE.

4. Earn, near.

5. Le catality seemed to be an iming the port, but he did it, as the nigges of the shrough the port, but he did it, as the nigges of the shrough the port, but he did it, as the nigges of the shrough the port, but he did it, as the nigges of the shrough the port, but he did it, as the nigges of the shrough the port, but he did it, as the nigges of the shrough the port, but he did it, as the night of the word the port has the port of the word the word the port of the word the port of the word the port of







# RUGGLES









# GARTH









Home-grown Barrels

FORESTS and woodlands in Britain provided a great deal of the wood ungently needed for war purposes when supplies from Europe and the Scandinavian countries were cut off. Even the roadside copse made its contribution to the timber yard and workshop.

As in the previous war, great trees went crashing down as whole tracts of woodland were felled, and in some of the more isolated parts of the country the face of the landscape was changed.

But more often forests and woods were

was changed.

But more often, forests and woods were only thinned, leaving enough trees to allow them to retain their usual appearance—at least, from ia distance.

Plantations of larches yielded the wood for the tough skins of motor torpedo-boats' hulls, and the smaller trees of copses and spinneys provided those bundles of stakes used by tanks for the crossing of marshy ground, streams, and tank traps. Hazel saplings were cut down to form ships' fendens.

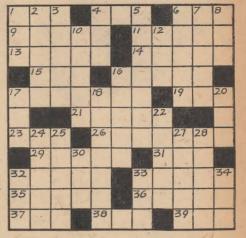
Perhaps the most interesting outcome of the use of home-grown timber for many purposes to which it had never been applied before was the making of barrels from English wak.

wak.
This wood had always been regarded as useless for the purpose, as it contained chemicals which reacted harmfully on liquids placed in barrels made from it.

War-time research showed that by treatment this defect could be eliminated.

# CROSS-WORD CORNER





JUST JAKE









CLUES ACROSS .-- 1 Sheep CLUES AGROSS.—1 Sheep.
4 Reptile. 6 Hailing cry. 9
Proverb. 11 Insect. 13
Whimpered. 14 Match. 15
Study. 16 Bird. 17 Commits to
substitute. 19 Scottish county.
21 Auctions. 23 Unburnished.
26 Seed. 29 Chancy 31 Cheat.
32 Amount 40. 33 Bone. 35
Counterpart. 36 Obliterate. 37
Shallow vessel. 38 Name. 39
Boy in brief.

CLUES DOWN — 1 Light blow. 2 Bring out. 3 Lively dance. 4 Litter, 5 Consultant. 6 Bible Book. 7 Coming in. 8 Affirmative. 10 Kind. 12 Short turn. 16 Hindrance. 17 Obscure. 18 Grappled with. 20 Boy's name. 22 More secure. 24 Scent. 25 Huge person. 27 Lady. 28 Reville. 30 Droop. 32 Incline. 33 Month, 34 Colour.



"I'm hard to get. All you have to do is ask me." This is likely to become sultry Lauren Bacall's signature line as long as she remains in pictures. It's a good line — but we doubt if Lauren lives up to it! We'll have to ask Mr. Humphrey Bogart about it.